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File 155:MEDLINE(R) 1950-2006/Sep 18
         (c) format only 2006 Dialog
File
       5:Biosis Previews (R) 1969-2006/Sep W2
         (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation
File
     73:EMBASE 1974-2006/Sep 15
         (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V.
File
     34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2006/Sep W2
         (c) 2006 The Thomson Corp
File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
         (c) 2006 The Thomson Corp
      94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2006/Jun W2
File
         (c) 2006 Japan Science and Tech Corp (JST)
File 144: Pascal 1973-2006/Aug W4
         (c) 2006 INIST/CNRS
File 285:BioBusiness(R) 1985-1998/Aug W1
         (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation
File 357:Derwent Biotech Res. _1982-2006/Sep W3
         (c) 2006 The Thomson Corp.
File 358:Current BioTech Abs 1983-2006/Jan
           (c) 2006 DECHEMA
File 65: Inside Conferences 1993-2006/Sep 18
         (c) 2006 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
File 431:MediConf: Medical Con. & Events 1998-2004/Oct B2
         (c) 2004 Dr. R. Steck
File 23:CSA Technology Research Database 1963-2006/Aug
         (c) 2006 CSA.
File
     45:EMCare 2006/Sep W2
         (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V.
File
       6:NTIS 1964-2006/Sep W1
         (c) 2006 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res
File
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2006/Sep W1
         (c) 2006 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
      35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2006/Aug
         (c) 2006 ProQuest Info&Learning
Set
        Items
                Description
S1
       139798
                (TISSUE OR BIOPSY OR BIOPSIES OR TISSUES) (5N) SAMPL???
S2
     24809021
                SUPPORT? ? OR FRAME OR FRAMES OR FRAMEWORK? ? OR MATRIX OR
             MATRIXES OR MATRICES OR BIOMATERIAL? ? OR STRUCTURE OR STRUCT-
             URES OR MATERIAL? ? OR PLATFORM? ? OR STAGING? ?
S3
                CUT OR CUTS OR CUTTING OR CUTTABLE OR SECTION??? OR SECTIO-
             NABLE OR SLICE OR SLICES OR SLICED OR SLICING OR SLICEABLE
S4
         4542
                MICROTOME? ? OR HISTOTOME? ?
S5
         1287
                S1(2N)S2
S6
            5
                S4(S)S5
S7
            5
                RD
                    (unique items)
           34
                S2(3N)S3 AND S5
S8
S9
           34
                S8 NOT S6
S10
           18
                RD
                    (unique items)
S11
           18
                Sort S10/ALL/PY, A
S12
      3181991
                MEMBRANE
S13
            2
                S1(S)S12(S)S4
                S13 NOT (S6 OR S8)
S14
            2
S15
                    (unique items) [not relevant]
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7/3,K/3 (Item 1 from file: 357)
DIALOG(R)File 357:Derwent Biotech Res.

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/890177

September 18, 2006

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0295743 DBR Accession No.: 2002-17590 PATENT

Activatable film useful in capture microdissection, has transfer surface including selectively activatable adhesive layer which provides for adherence to selected regions of sample to be separated - polymerase chain reaction, reverse-transcriptase-polymerase chain reaction, single strand conformational polymorphism analysis for cancer diagnosis and monitoring

AUTHOR: LIOTTA L A; EMMERT-BUCK M; KRIZMAN D B; CHUAQUI R; LINEHAN W M;

TRENT J M; BONNER R F; GOLDSTEIN S R; SMITH P D; PETERSON J I

PATENT ASSIGNEE: LIOTTA L A; EMMERT-BUCK M; KRIZMAN D B; CHUAQUI R;

LINEHAN W M; TRENT J M; BONNER R F; GOLDSTEIN S R; SMITH P D; PETERSON

LINEHAN W M; TRENT J M; BONNER R F; GOLDSTEIN S R; SMITH P D; PETERSON J I 2002

PATENT NUMBER: US 20020037269 PATENT DATE: 20020328 WPI ACCESSION NO.: 2002-478744 (200251)

PRIORITY APPLIC. NO.: US 780234 APPLIC. DATE: 20010209 NATIONAL APPLIC. NO.: US 780234 APPLIC. DATE: 20010209 LANGUAGE: English

...ABSTRACT: from a sample, e.g. a non-biological sample, or a sample comprising cell section, microtome section or a cell smear, where the microtome section is a paraffin-embedded or formalin-fixed tissue sample. (M1) is useful for direct extraction of cellular materials from tissue sample (all claimed). The microdissection technique is useful in combination with a number of different technologies...

11/7/1 (Item 1 from file: 155)

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

(c) format only 2006 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

04249554 PMID: 785968

Comparative evaluation of various histological techniques for the rapid diagnosis of brain tumours.

Meyermann R; Kletter G

Acta neurochirurgica (AUSTRIA) 1976, 35 (1-3) p171-80, ISSN 0001-6268--Print Journal Code: 0151000

Publishing Model Print

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: MEDLINE; Completed

Intraoperative procedures for the rapid histological diagnosis of space occupying intracranial processes are required. These currently include three major techniques: 1. crush preparations; 2. frozen **sections** with prefixation, and 3. frozen **sections** without prefixation. We have compared these techniques, using identical **tissue material**. While frozen **sections** of **samples** subjected to rapid fixation produce the best specimens, crush preparations are preferred wherever a well equipped laboratory is not available.

Record Date Created: 19761029
Record Date Completed: 19761029

11/7/3 (Item 3 from file: 73)

DIALOG(R) File 73: EMBASE

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07522261 EMBASE No: 1999002471

Structural changes in samples cryofixed by contact with a cold metal block

Bennett P.M.

P.M. Bennett, Randall Institute, King's College London, 26/29 Drury Lane, London WC2B 5RL United Kingdom

Journal of Microscopy (J. MICROSC.) (United Kingdom) 1998, 192/3

(259-268)

CODEN: JMICA ISSN: 0022-2720 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

NUMBER OF REFERENCES: 15

A common method of cryofixation is to bring a specimen rapidly in contact with a cold metal block. It is usually thought that during this process the surface of the specimen suffers little distortion since it freezes rapidly. Whether this is likely depends on the rate at which samples freeze compared with the speed at which the sample hits the cold block. There is some discrepancy between the published experimentally and theoretically determined freezing rates. As a contribution to this debate the distortion in cryofixed, freeze-substituted, striated muscle fibres has been investigated. In transverse sections, compression can be detected by deviations of the filament lattice from the hexagonal and used to estimate the time of freezing. Some specimens were frozen using a Gatan Cryosnapper, which freezes by catching the specimen between two nitrogen-cooled copper jaws. In addition, the speed with which the jaws close has also been determined. The results suggest that freezing of the well-preserved areas occurs in substantially less than 1 ms. This conclusion is supported by results obtained using metal-mirror apparatus in which the cushioned specimen was dropped onto a nitrogen- or helium-cooled copper block. All the specimens frozen against a cold block have a fiat edge whereas muscle fibres are round. At the very edge there is evidence of structural damage as well as the more general lattice distortion.

11/7/4 (Item 4 from file: 73)

DIALOG(R)File 73:EMBASE

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07522260 EMBASE No: 1999002470

High-pressure freezing for immunocytochemistry

Monaghan P.; Perusinghe N.; Muller M.

Dr. P. Monaghan, Institute of Cancer Research, 15, Cotswold Road, Sutton, Surrey SM2 5NG United Kingdom

AUTHOR EMAIL: monaghan@icr.ac.uk

Journal of Microscopy (J. MICROSC.) (United Kingdom) 1998, 192/3 (248-258)

CODEN: JMICA ISSN: 0022-2720 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

NUMBER OF REFERENCES: 38

Ultrastructural immunocytochemistry requires that minimal damage to antigens is imposed by the processing methods. Immersion fixation in cross-linking fixatives with their potential to damage antigens is not an ideal approach and rapid freezing as all alternative sample-stabilization step has a number of advantages. Rapid freezing at ambient pressure restricts the thickness of well-frozen material obtainable to approx. eq. 15 mum or less. In contrast, high-pressure freezing has been demonstrated to provide ice- crystal-artefact-free freezing of samples up to 200 mum in thickness.

There have been few reports of high-pressure freezing for immunocytochemical studies and there is no consensus on the choice of post-freezing sample preparation. A range of freeze-substitution time and temperature protocols were compared with improved tissue architecture as the primary goal, but also to compare ease of resin-embedding, polymerization and immunocytochemical labelling. Freeze-substitution in acetone containing 2% osmium tetroxide followed by epoxy-resin embedding at room temperature gave optimum morphology. Freeze-substitution in methanol was completed within 18h and in tetrahydrofuran within 48 h but the cellular morphology of the Lowicryl- embedded samples was not as good as when samples were substituted in pure acetone. Acetone freeze-substitution was slow, taking at least 6 days to complete, and gave blocks which were difficult to embed in Lowicryl HM20. Careful handling of frozen samples avoiding rapid temperature changes reduced apparent ice-crystal damage in sections of embedded material . Thus a slow warm-up to freeze-substitution temperature and a long substitution time in acetone gave the best results in terms of freezing quality and cellular morphology. No clear differences emerged between the different freeze- substitution media from immunocytochemical labelling experiments.

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/890177

September 18, 2006

S10

S11

S12 S13

S14

S15

S16 **S17** S7:S9

8 S6(S)S3

5

3

3

5

5

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File 149:TGG Health&Wellness DB(SM) 1976-2006/Sep W1
         (c) 2006 The Gale Group
File 129:PHIND(Archival) 1980-2006/Sep W2
         (c) 2006 Informa UK Ltd
File 135:NewsRx Weekly Reports 1995-2006/Sep W2
         (c) 2006 NewsRx
File 441:ESPICOM Pharm&Med DEVICE NEWS 2006/Apr W1
         (c) 2006 ESPICOM Bus.Intell.
File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2006/Sep 18
         (c) 2006 The Gale Group
File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2006/Sep 15
         (c) 2006 The Gale Group
File 160: Gale Group PROMT (R) 1972-1989
         (c) 1999 The Gale Group
File 635:Business Dateline(R) 1985-2006/Sep 14
         (c) 2006 ProQuest Info&Learning
File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2006/Sep 15
         (c) 2006 The Gale Group
File 98:General Sci Abs 1984-2006/Sep
         (c) 2006 The HW Wilson Co.
       9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2006/Sep 15
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S9
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                S1(S)S2(S)S4
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RD (unique items) [not relevant]

RD (unique items) [not relevant]

S13 NOT S7:S12 [too recent]

1 S4(2N)S2 [not relevant]

(S1(3N)S5)(S)S3:S4

S15 NOT S7:S13

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File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2006/UD=200658
        (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation
File 347: JAPIO Dec 1976-2005/Dec (Updated 060404)
         (c) 2006 JPO & JAPIO
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S2
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            CTURE OR STRUCTURES OR MATERIAL? ? OR PLATFORM? ? OR STAGING? ?
               CUT OR CUTS OR CUTTING OR CUTTABLE OR SECTION ??? OR SECTIO-
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               MICROTOME? ? OR HISTOTOME? ?
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S5
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S6
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               S2 (3N) S3
S7
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S8
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       96227 IC=(A61B-005? OR B01L-003?)
S9
           3 S7 AND S9
S10
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S11
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S12
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S13
          19
               S7 NOT (S8 OR S10)
          31
S14
               S12 AND S4
S15
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          3 S15 AND S9
S16
          24 S15 NOT S16
S17
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S18
S19
      373355
               AD=2002
      370185 AD=2003
S20
S21
     195890 AD=2004
S22
      18130 AD=2005
S23
          0 AD=2006
$24
          24 S17 NOT S19:S22
          18 S12/TI
S25
          12 S25 NOT (S8 OR S10 OR S7 OR S15)
S26
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S27
               S14 NOT (S25 OR S8 OR S10 OR S7 OR S15)
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6

Serial 09/890177 September 18, 2006

8/5/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0010794997 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 2001-410676/ XRPX Acc No: N2001-303804

Microtome for cutting biological tissue samples has aspiration unit outside cutting unit for sections cut from tissue

Patent Assignee: BIO OPTICA-MILANO SPA (BIOO-N)

Inventor: SBONA C

 Number
 Kind
 Date
 Number
 Kind
 Date
 Update

 EP 1094310
 A1 20010425
 EP 1999830659
 A 19991020
 200144
 EP

 Priority Applications (no., kind, date):
 EP 1999830659
 A 19991020

 Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes

EP 1094310 A1 EN 14 10

Regional Designated States, Original: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI

Alerting Abstract EP A1

NOVELTY - Microtome comprises moveable support (5) which performs alternating movement combined with micrometric advance for tissue sample (6), and cutting unit (10) which has inclined upper surface (19) for collecting sections which are aspirated from outside the cutting unit. The aspiration device is rigid aspiration tube (24) connected to an aspirator. DESCRIPTION - There is an INDEPENDENT CLAIM for an aspiration apparatus.

USE - Microtome is for cutting thin sections from tissue samples for use in e.g. histology applications.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows the $\ensuremath{\operatorname{\textbf{microtome}}}$. Class Codes

International Classification (Main): G01N-001/06

13/5/7 (Item 7 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0013669137

WPI ACC NO: 2003-765524/

Related WPI Acc No: 2004-429536; 2004-570706

XRAM Acc No: C2003-210156

Generating three-dimensional hepatic cell culture system by contacting a matrix with hepatic cell culture comprising hepatocytes and non-parenchymal cells bound to matrix coated with promoter of cell adhesion or survival

Patent Assignee: BOWEN W C (BOWE-I); MICHALOPOULOS G (MICH-I)

Inventor: BOWEN W C; MICHALOPOULOS G
Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)

Patent Application

 Number
 Kind
 Date
 Number
 Kind
 Date
 Update

 US 20030096411
 A1 20030522
 US 1999455952
 A 19991207
 200372
 B

US 2002281575 A 20021028

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1999455952 A 19991207; US 2002281575 A 20021028

Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes

US 20030096411 A1 EN 38 22 C-I-P of application US 1999455952

September 18, 2006

Alerting Abstract US A1

NOVELTY - Generating (M1) a three-dimensional (3D) hepatic cell culture system, involves contacting a 3D support matrix with hepatic cell culture comprising hepatocytes and non-parenchymal cells bound to a matrix coated with at least one biologically active molecule that promotes cell adhesion, proliferation or survival, under conditions sufficient to allow for the proliferation of the hepatic cell culture to form 3D hepatic cell structure.

DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:
1.generating (M2) a hepatic cell culture involves co-culturing
hepatocytes and non-parenchymal cells, in the presence of growth
factors, corticosteroid and a matrix coated with at least one
biologically active molecule that promotes cell adhesion, proliferation
or survival under conditions sufficient to allow for the proliferation
of hepatocytes that retain hepatic function;

- 2.a population of matrix/hepatic cell clusters comprising hepatocytes and non-parenchymal cells associated with a matrix coated with at least one biologically active molecule that promotes cell adhesion, proliferation or survival;
- 3.a composition comprising matrix/hepatic cell clusters grown on a 3D support matrix, where the matrix hepatic cell clusters comprising hepatocytes and non-parenchymal cells bound to a matrix coated with at least one biologically active molecule that promotes cell adhesion, proliferation or survival;
- 4.a three-dimensional tissue culture matrix (I) prepared by (M1); and 5.providing hepatic function in a subject having a liver disorder involves administering (I) to the subject such that the symptoms associated with the liver disorder is reduced.

ACTIVITY - Hepatotropic; Antiinflammatory. No biological data given. MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given.

USE - (M1) is useful for generating a three-dimensional hepatic cell culture system. (I) is useful for providing hepatic function in a subject having liver disorder e.g., cirrhosis or hepatitis (claimed). (I) can be used to form bioartificial liver through which a subject's blood is perfused.

ADVANTAGE - (I) provides for the long term culture of proliferating hepatocytes that retain hepatic function. (I) restores liver function and by generating long term culture of hepatocytes, provides a safer alternative to whole liver transplantation in subjects having the liver disorders.

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): C12N-005/02
 (Additional/Secondary): A01N-065/00, C12N-005/00
US Classification, Issued: 435373000, 424093700, 435395000

13/5/11 (Item 11 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0011183494 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 2002-121440/200216

Related WPI Acc No: 2002-129857; 2002-194997; 2002-214544; 2002-255509

XRAM Acc No: C2002-037135 XRPX Acc No: N2002-091087

Fixing or processing sample or tissue for immunohistochemistry or in situ hybridization or for rapid clinical pathology diagnosis, by exposing sample

to high frequency ultrasound produced by ultrasound transducer

Patent Assignee: AMERICAN REGISTRY OF PATHOLOGY (AMRE-N)

Inventor: CHU W

Patent Family (2 patents, 1 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update
US 20010053525 A1 20011220 US 1999407964 A 19990929 200216 B

US 2001901121 A 20010710

US 7090974 B2 20060815 US 2001901121 A 20010710 200654 E Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1999407964 A 19990929; US 2001901121 A 20010710

Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes

US 20010053525 A1 EN 33 13 Division of application US 1999407964
Alerting Abstract US A1

NOVELTY - Fixing or processing (M1) a **sample** or a **tissue** involves exposing the **sample** or the **tissue** to ultrasound (US) of a frequency of at least 100 KHz, where US is produced by an US transducer.

DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

1.performing (M2) immunohistochemistry,

~in situ~ hybridization or

fluorescent ~in situ~ hybridization on a solid phase or Southern, Northern hybridization, a Western annealing or an enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA), by using US at a frequency of at least 100 KHz;

- 2.a system (I) comprising an US transducer, an US generator, an US sensor
 and a central processing unit (CPU);
- 3.a robotic system (II) comprising units for moving a **sampl**e or **tissue** and an US transducer from a first reaction chamber to a second reaction chamber; and
- 4.a system (III) for processing a **sampl**e comprising a reaction chamber, an US transducer and a CPU.

USE - M1 is useful for fixing or processing a **sample** or **tissue** using US of high frequency. (III) is useful for processing a **tissue sample**, a **membrane** filter, a **tissue sample** mounted on a slide, a nucleic acid chip, a microarray of a **tissue** or an immunochip (claimed).

The method is useful in a variety of histological, pathological, immunological and molecular techniques. US fixed and processed **tissue** may be used for rapid immunohistochemistry or in situ hybridization or for rapid clinical pathology diagnosis. High quality fixed **tissue section**s may be used for laser capture microdissection, mRNA extraction and PCR studies. High quality fixed **tissue** blocks may be used for high throughput **tissue** microanalysis of the DNA, RNA and protein target for a large series of cancer research.

ADVANTAGE - The method decreases the time for conducting histology or pathology study on **tissue samples** by applying US to the **tissue**. US-fixation method provides excellent morphologic detail and excellent preservation of a variety of protein antigens and mRNA in a few minutes. US fixed specimens are superior to routine formalin fixed **tissues** for the immunohistochemistry performed for short times. The method also allows preservation of high quality morphology proteins and mRNA from routine formalin fixation and processing.

The technique is fast, simple, easy to perform, versatile and enables in situ hybridization and immunohistochemistry results to be uniform throughout. The method allows use of more power without destroying cells, and therefore equates to greater speed of reaction.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows a **tissue** in a buffer being treated with ultrasound.

Class Codes

International Classification (+ Attributes)

IPC + Level Value Position Status Version

G01N-0001/30 A I R 20060101

G01N-0001/44 A I R 20060101

G01N-0033/543 A I F B 20060101

G01N-0001/30 C I R 20060101

G01N-0001/44 C I R 20060101

US Classification, Issued: 435287200, 435006000, 435006000, 427002130, 427004000, 435001100, 435001300, 435040500, 435040520, 435325000, 422020000

13/5/12 (Item 12 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0011065664 - Drawing available WPI ACC NO: 2002-000642/200201

XRAM Acc No: C2002-000368

Diagnosing neurodegenerative disease, e.g., Creutzfeld-Jakob disease and Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy, on formalin-fixed tissue sections comprises spreading and cleaning a tissue sample on membrane for incubation with protease solution

Patent Assignee: SCHULZ-SCHAEFFER W (SCHU-I)

Inventor: SCHULZ-SCHAEFFER W

Patent Family (2 patents, 1 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update DE 19963198 A1 20010920 DE 19963198 A 19991227 200201 B B4 20041230 DE 19963198 DE 19963198 A 19991227 200502 · E Priority Applications (no., kind, date): DE 19963198 A 19991227

Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes DE 19963198 A1 DE 6 1

Alerting Abstract DE A1

NOVELTY - A **tissue section** (I) is spread out on the upper side of a **membrane** (II). The paraffin wax is removed and (I) is dried on (II), then incubated with a protease solution (III). An absorbent layer soaked with (III) is brought into contact with the underside of (II). Periodically, (III) is trickled over (I), or coated over it. (II) is washed and finally incubated with protein denaturing agent.

DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- 1.a membrane with proteins from a tissue section arranged on its upper surface. Topological arrangement of proteins on the membrane corresponds with the original topological arrangement in the tissue section , the membrane having been prepared as described; and
- 2.an apparatus comprising a casing (4), base (8) and optional removable cover (6). On the base (8) a layer (10) of absorbent material (12) is arranged, dimensioned for central arrangement with spacing from the wall (14). Its upper surface (18) carries the membrane (20). The protease solution (16) at the base, soaks the absorbent.

Preferred features: The casing is trough-shaped. The layer is single or multilayer, comprising the same, or different absorbent materials.

USE - For topological detection of proteins of an initially wax-mounted

tissue sample. Investigation and diagnosis of diverse neurodegenerative illnesses affecting the brain, is facilitated. These include Creutzfeld-Jakob disease (CJD), scrapie, Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE), and FFI (fetal familial insomnia).

ADVANTAGE - Topological detection is achieved, with tissues fixed in formalin and embedded in paraffin wax. Following the final incubation stage, detection is carried out using known methods. Detection is qualitative and quantitative, using a selected immunohistochemical method. Greater sensitivity is achieved than in comparable prior art. Samples long-archived, can be examined.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The apparatus is seen in cross section.

- 4 casing
- 6 cover
- 8 base
- 10 layer
- 12 absorbent material
- 14 wall
- 16 protease solution
- 18 upper surface
- 20 membrane

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): C12Q-001/37 (Additional/Secondary): C12M-001/40, C12N-011/12

13/5/14 (Item 14 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0010453665 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 2001-053150/ XRAM Acc No: C2001-014948 XRPX Acc No: N2001-040956

Support for fixing biopsy sample contains glucomannan oxide or carboxylic acid, obtained by oxidizing fine powder of konjak mannan by nitric acid, filtering and recovering by precipitating in alcohol

Patent Assignee: TAKESAKI T (TAKE-I)

Inventor: TAKEZAKI T

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Date Update Kind 20000929 JP 199976843 JP 2000266744 Α A 19990319 200107 B Priority Applications (no., kind, date): JP 199976843 A 19990319 Patent Details

Number Dwg Filing Notes Kind Lan Ρg

JP 2000266744 8 Α ιTΑ

Alerting Abstract JP A

NOVELTY - A support (5) for fixing biopsy sample (3) contains glucomannan oxide (or its derivative such as glucomannan carboxylic acid). Glucomannan is obtained by oxidizing fine powder of konjak mannan of potato with nitric acid. Then filtered and recovered by precipitating in alcohol.

DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for the manufacture of support for fixing biopsy sample.

USE - As support for fixing biopsy

sample .

ADVANTAGE - Thin cut flat surface of biopsy sample can be provided and automation of the process is advanced. It is easy to perform gelling with a gelatinizer (7) after fixing the sample to the support. Neutralized

material of acetyl glucomannan oxide or glucomannan carboxylic acid is transparent, thereby its provides an excellent support.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows the cross section view of support holding biopsy sample.

- 3 Biopsy sample
- 5 Fixing support
- 7 Gelatinizer

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): G01N-033/48

(Additional/Secondary): G01N-001/36

13/5/18 (Item 18 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0007360487 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 1995-147289/ XRPX Acc No: N1995-115629

Mechanical triturator for animal or vegetable tissue - comprising cylindrical housing defining chamber in which perforated cutting plate is disposed with rotor having screw which cooperates with cutting plate

Patent Assignee: CONSUL T S DI ROGGERO & C SNC GIANMARCO (CONS-N); CONSUL TS SRL (CONS-N); CONSULT TS DI ROGGERO & C SNC GIANMARCO (CONS-N); ROGGERO G (ROGG-I); TS DI ROGGERO & C SNC GIANMARCO (TSRO-N)

Inventor: ROGGERO G

Patent Family (10 patents, 20 countries)

Patent	pplication							
Number	Kind Date		Nu	Number		Date	Update	
WO 1995009051	A1	19950406	WO	1994EP3202	Α	19940926	199519	В
AU 199478098	Α	19950418	AU	199478098	Α	19940926	199531	E
EP 720513	A1	19960710	ΕP	1994928814	Α	19940926	199632	E
			WO	1994EP3202	Α	19940926		
IT 1260682	В	19960422	IT	1993TO706	Α	19930928	199651	Ē
AU 676386	В	19970306	AU	199478098	Α	19940926	199718	E
JP 9502925	W	19970325	WO	1994EP3202	Α	19940926	199722	E
			JP	1995510107	A	19940926		
US 5731199	Α	19980324	WO	1994EP3202	A	19940926	199819	E
			US.	1996615282	Α	19960327		
EP 720513	B1	19980805	ΕP	1994928814	Α	19940926	199835	E
			WO	1994EP3202	Α	19940926		
DE 69412272	E	19980910	DE	69412272	Α	19940926	199842	E
			EΡ	1994928814	Α	19940926		
			WO	1994EP3202	Α	19940926		
ES 2121230	Т3	19981116	EP	1994928814	Α	19940926	199901	E
Priority Applic	ations	s (no., ki	nd,	date): IT 1	993TO	706 A 1	9930928	
Barbara Barbara								

Patent Details

Kind Lan Number Pg Dwg Filing Notes

WO 1995009051 A1 EN 11 5

National Designated States, Original: AU CA JP US

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU

MC NL PT SE

AU 199478098 Α EN Based on OPI patent WO 1995009051 EP 720513 A1 EN 11 5 PCT Application WO 1994EP3202

Based on OPI patent WO 1995009051

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LI NL PT SE

Serial 09/890177 September 18, 2006

AU 676386	В	EN			Previously issued patent AU 9478098 Based on OPI patent WO 1995009051
JP 9502925	W	JA	14		PCT Application WO 1994EP3202
US 5731199	A	EN	6	5	Based on OPI patent WO 1995009051 PCT Application WO 1994EP3202
EP 720513	В1	EN			Based on OPI patent WO 1995009051 PCT Application WO 1994EP3202
Pegional Degions	ted.	States	Origi	inal	Based on OPI patent WO 1995009051: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LI
NL PT SE	iccu	beaces	, or igi	ınaı	. AT DE CHI DE DA ES TA GE GA IE II EI
DE 69412272	E	DE			Application EP 1994928814
					PCT Application WO 1994EP3202
					Based on OPI patent EP 720513
					Based on OPI patent WO 1995009051
ES 2121230	Т3	ES			Application EP 1994928814
					Based on OPI patent EP 720513

Alerting Abstract WO A1

The mechanical triturator comprises a cylindrical housing (2) defining a chamber (4) with a perforated **cutting** plate (6). The plate is disposed transversely in the chamber so as to define an input portion (12) for the supply of the **material** to be triturated, and a portion (14) for collecting the triturated **material**. The collecting portion has a blades extending from the general plane of the plate into the input portion.

A rotary blade (16) is mounted in the chamber with a grinding screw (20) which is fixed to the rotary blade and is disposed in the input portion. The screw cooperates with the **cutting** plate in order to supply the blades with the biological **material**.

USE/ADVANTAGE - Provides mechanical device which avoids lengthy and tedious mechanical chopping operations carried out with scalpels or like and enzymatic cell-separation treatments.

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): B02C, B02C-018/10, B02C-018/30, C12M-003/00

(Additional/Secondary): B02C-018/30, B02C-018/36, G01N-001/28, G01N-033/48 US Classification, Issued: 435306100, 241082500, 241083000, 241088000, 241089400, 241194000

16/5/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0013448568 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 2003-539823/ XRAM Acc No: C2003-146292

Device for entombing a tissue sample for frozen histologic sectioning comprises a sample receptacle held in a base unit and sealed with a chuck, and a cap mounted on a guide rod that holds the chuck in place during sample freezing

Patent Assignee: BRADLEY PROD INC (BRAD-N)

Inventor: DAVIDSON T M

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update
US 6558629 B1 20030506 US 2000711662 A 20001113 200351 B
Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2000711662 A 20001113
Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes US 6558629 B1 EN 20 19

Alerting Abstract US B1

NOVELTY - A **tissue sampl**e entombing device comprising a cup-shaped receptacle (10), a chuck (50) with a planar surface and stem (60), a base (210) with a recess 280) to receive the receptacle, a cap (220) with a recess to receive the stem of the chuck, and a guide rod (230) fixed to the base on which the cap can slide, is new.

DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a dipping assembly (200) for freezing a **tissue** specimen, which comprises two members. One end of one member is adapted to receive a chuck (50) and one end of the other member is adapted to receive a cup-shaped receptacle (10). The two members are pivotally connected to one another at a point between their ends such that upon spreading the second ends away from one another, the chuck-receiving member moves away from the receptacle-receiving member.

USE - The device is used for entombing a **tissue** specimen. It is used in the preparation of a **tissue sample** for frozen histologic **section**ing or for preparing **tissue section**s for microscopic examination during surgery using frozen **section** technique for extirpation of neoplasms.

ADVANTAGE - The inventive device minimizes the size, bulk, and power requirements of the equipment involved and the time required in the preparation of the **tissue samples** for **section**ing.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure is a side elevational view, with portions shown in cross-section, of the alignment device holding a receptacle and chuck member in position while the assembly is dipped in a pool of cooling liquid or gas.

10 Cup-shaped receptacle

50 Chuck

60 Stem

200 Dipping assembly

210 Base

220 Chuck-receiving member

230 Guide rod

240 Recess on chuck-receiving member

280 Recess in base

290 Ledge

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): **B01L-003/00** US Classification, Issued: 422099000, 435040500

16/5/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.

0012938632 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 2003-015255/ XRAM Acc No: C2003-003693 XRPX Acc No: N2003-011229

Preparation of portion of tissue having cells by homogeneously disturbing cells with tissue portion throughout fluid embedding medium, and

introducing medium portion into axial bore in tubular member

Patent Assignee: DAKO AS (DAKO-N); DAKOCYTOMATION DENMARK AS (DAKO-N)

Inventor: HUANG D S; WINTHER L

Patent Family (5 patents, 99 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update

Serial 09/890177 September 18, 2006

US	6458598	В1	20021001	US	2001929642	Α	20010813	200301	В
WO	2003016872	A1	20030227	WO	2002DK532	Α	20020812	200316	E
ΕP	1417472	A1	20040512	EP	2002754558	Α	20020812	200431	Ε
				WO	2002DK532	Α	20020812		
ΑU	2002321013	A1	20030303	ΑU	2002321013	Α	20020812	200452	Ε
JP	2004538484	W	20041224	WO	2002DK532	Α	20020812	200502	E
				JР	2003521330	Α	20020812		

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2001929642 A 20010813 Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes US 6458598 B1 EN 4 2

WO 2003016872 A1 EN

National Designated States, Original: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

EP 1417472 A1 EN PCT Application WO 2002DK532

Based on OPI patent WO 2003016872

Regional Designated States, Original: AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI SK TR

AU 2002321013 A1 EN Based on OPI patent WO 2003016872 JP 2004538484 W JA 24 PCT Application WO 2002DK532

Based on OPI patent WO 2003016872

Alerting Abstract US B1

NOVELTY - A portion of a **tissue** comprising cells is prepared by homogeneously disturbing the cells with the **tissue** portion throughout a volume of a fluid embedding medium; introducing a volume portion of the medium into an axial bore in a tubular member; and mounting a formed separated portion of a formed cylindrical plug on a rigid **support** substrate.

DESCRIPTION - Preparation of a portion of a tissue comprising cells for microscopic examination, includes placing the tissue portion (10) into a volume of a fluid embedding medium (11); disrupting the portion until the cells having the portion are disturbed homogeneously throughout the volume of the medium; introducing a portion of the volume of the medium into an axial bore in a tubular member; solidifying a fluid embedding material within the axial bore to form a cylindrical plug; extruding a portion of the plug from the axial bore and separating a portion of the plug to form a separated portion; and mounting the separated portion of the plug on a rigid support substrate.

USE - For preparing a portion of a **tissue** comprising cells for microscopic examination.

ADVANTAGE - The novel method improves the probability of a particular cell type of interest in a particular **section** and field of view.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure is a schematic diagram illustrating sequential steps for tissue sample preparation.

- 10 Tissue portion
- 11 Fluid embedding medium

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): G01N-001/28, G01N-001/36, G01N-033/48 (Additional/Secondary): B01L-003/02

US Classification, Issued: 436176000, 427002110, 427004000, 435040500,

435040510, 435040520

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24/5/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)
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DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0014672978 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 2005-020560/ XRAM Acc No: C2005-006409 XRPX Acc No: N2005-017480

Preparing tissue sample for microscopic examination in histological study involves introducing fluid medium having distributed tissue cells in bore of pipette and solidified, to form cylindrical plug that is sliced to obtain tissue section

Patent Assignee: PETIT M G (PETI-I)

Inventor: PETIT M G

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)

Patent

Application

Number Kind Date Number

Kind Date Update

US 20040248237 A1 20041209 WO 2002DK532

A 20020812 200502 B

US 2004486491 A 20040209

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2001929642 A 20010813 Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes

US 20040248237 A1 EN 7 2 PCT Application WO 2002DK532

Alerting Abstract US A1

NOVELTY - Preparing a **tissue sample** (10) having cells for microscopic examination **involves placing the sample in a volume of fluid embedding medium (11)** and disrupting the **sample** to distribute **tissue** cells homogeneously throughout the volume; introducing a portion of the volume (14) having **tissue** cells, in an axial bore of a pipette (15); solidifying the portion to form a cylindrical plug; and extruding and separating thin circular **slices** of plug from bore to be mounted on a slide.

USE - To prepare a **tissue** (e.g. cell line) **sample** comprising cells, for microscopic examination (claimed), particularly for **section**ing and mounting biological **tissue sample** (e.g. tumor/tumor cell line) on a microscopic slide for staining and examination, useful in

histological/histopathological study to preserve cytological specimens.

ADVANTAGE - The tissue cells are evenly distributed throughout the tissue

preparation (plug) and **tissue sections** (circular **slices**) derived from the plug. Microscopic examination of such **tissue sections** on the slide provides improved probability of a cell of interest being disposed within a particular **section** and field of view of the examiner, as compared to prior art methods of **tissue sample** preparation that cause clumping of the **tissue** cells. The size of the **sections** can be controlled.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows a schematic diagram illustrating the steps for **tissue sample** preparation.

- 10 tissue sample
- 11 fluid embedding medium
- 13 cell dispersing device
- 14 fluid embedding medium with distributed tissue cells
- 15 pipette.

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): G01N-033/48

(Additional/Secondary): G01N-001/30 US Classification, Issued: 435040520

US 6867038

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24/26,TI/13
                (Item 13 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
0009681606
WPI ACC NO: 1999-034900/199903
Surgical microtome for slicing lamellar segment from biological tissue,
especially corneal tissue - has reference member engaging tissue, and
peripheral, guiding edge integral with reference member for guiding
flexible wire or band cutter
 24/26,TI/15
                 (Item 15 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
0008576694
WPI ACC NO: 1998-111212/199811
Disc microtome for sectioning biological tissue - employs rotating disc
with sample carrier, fixed knife blade and sliding carriage for regulating
relative motion of sample and blade
 24/26,TI/16
                 (Item 16 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
0008135872
WPI ACC NO: 1997-235875/199721
Direct extn. of material from tissue samples - by contact with selectivity
activated region of transfer surface having adhesive properties
            (Item 10 from file: 350)
24/5/10
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
0012629955
WPI ACC NO: 2002-478744/200251
Related WPI Acc No: 1995-320650; 1997-235875; 2001-456502; 2001-578814
XRAM Acc No: C2002-136151
Activatable film useful in capture microdissection, has transfer surface
including selectively activatable adhesive layer which provides for
adherence to selected regions of sample to be separated
Patent Assignee: BONNER R F (BONN-I); CHUAQUI R (CHUA-I); EMMERT-BUCK M
  (EMME-I); GOLDSTEIN S R (GOLD-I); KRIZMAN D B (KRIZ-I); LINEHAN W M
  (LINE-I); LIOTTA L A (LIOT-I); PETERSON J I (PETE-I); SMITH P D
  (SMIT-I); TRENT J M (TREN-I); US DEPT HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES (USSH)
Inventor: BONNER R F; CHUAQUI R; EMMERT-BUCK M; GOLDSTEIN S R; KRIZMAN D B;
  LINEHAN W M; LIOTTA L A; PETERSON J I; SMITH P D; TRENT J M
Patent Family (2 patents, 1 countries)
Patent
                               Application
Number
                Kind
                       Date
                               Number
                                             Kind
                                                   Date
                                                             Update
US 20020037269
               A1 20020328 WO 1995US2432
                                               A 19950301
                                                            200251 B
                                               A 19961009
                               WO 1996US16517
                               US 199736927
                                               Р
                                                  19970207
                              US 199818596
                                               A 19980204
                              US 1999364617
                                             A 19990729
                              US 2001780234
                                             A 20010209
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B2 20050315 US 1994203780 A 19940301 200520 E

> WO 1995US2432 A 19950301 US 1995544388 A 19951010 US 199736927 P 19970207 US 199818596 A 19980204 US 1999364617 A 19990729 US 2001780234 A 20010209

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1995544388 A 19951010; US 1994203780 A 19940301; US 1999364617 A 19990729; US 199818596 A 19980204; US 199736927 P 19970207; WO 1996US16517 A 19961009; WO 1995US2432 A 19950301; US 2001780234 A 20010209

Patent Details

Kind Lan Dwg Filing Notes Number Pg US 20020037269 C-I-P of application WO 1995US2432 **A**1 EN30 10 Division of application WO 1996US16517 Related to Provisional US 199736927 Division of application US 199818596 Division of application US 1999364617 Division of patent US 6251467 Division of patent US 6251516 US 6867038 B2 EN C-I-P of application US 1994203780 C-I-P of application WO 1995US2432 Continuation of application US

1995544388

Related to Provisional US 199736927 Division of application US 199818596 Division of application US 1999364617 C-I-P of patent US 5843644 Continuation of patent US 5843657 Division of patent US 6251467 Division of patent US 6251516

Alerting Abstract US A1

NOVELTY - Activatable film (I) for activated use in capture micro-dissection, has film (F) having normal non-adherence to biological sample (S), and is activatable upon heating for becoming adhesive at activated region for adhering to S at activated region.

DESCRIPTION - Activatable film (I) for activated use in capture micro-dis**section** where a source emits electromagnetic energy outside of a range of human vision, comprises:

- 1.a film having a normal non-adherence to a biological sample
- 2. the film optically transparent in the range of human vision for permitting the biological **sampl**e to be viewed through the film,
- 3. the film activatable upon heating for becoming adhesive at an activated region for adhering to a biological sample at the activated region, and
- 4.a dye on the film which is optically transparent, the dye coupling to and transducing the electromagnetic energy outside of the range of human vision to heat and activate the film to become adhesive at the activated region.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

1.a combination of a biological sample, a microscope for viewing the biological sample at a selected portion, a light source for illuminating the sample in a range of human vision for view in the microscope, which has an improvement in that it comprises (F) as described as above, and a dye on the film which is optically transparent, and that couples to and transduces electromagnetic energy outside the range of a human vision, to heat and activate the film to adhesive at the activated regional; a source of electromagnetic energy

outside of the range of human vision for being locally directed on the dye on the film overlying the selected portion of the biological sample to couple to the dye, heat the film, and activate the film to become adhesive for adhering to the selected portion of the biological sample; an unit for moving the film into apposition with biological sample; and unit for directing the source of electromagnetic energy to the film in apposition, where the selected cellular material from the biological sample is adhered to the film; and

2.direct extraction (M1) of material from a sample, by providing a sample, providing a transfer surface which only upon activation at selected regions has a property to provide the selected regions with adhesive characteristics to the sample, juxtaposing the sample with the transfer surface, identifying at least a portion of the sample which is to be extracted, activating a region on the transfer surface with pulsed radiation so that the selected region of the transfer surface adheres to the portion of the sample, separating the transfer surface from the sample while maintaining adhesion between the selected region of the transfer surface and the portion of the sample is extracted from a remaining portion of the sample.

USE - (M1) is useful for direct extraction of materials from a sample, e.g. a non-biological sample, or a sample comprising cell section, microtome section or a cell smear, where the microtome section is a paraffin-embedded or formalin-fixed tissue sample . (M1) is useful for direct extraction of cellular materials from tissue sample (all claimed).

The microdissection technique is useful in combination with a number of different technologies that allow for analysis of enzymes, mRNA or DNA from pure populations or subpopulations of particular cell types. This simple technique may have utility in characterizing protease distribution during human tumor invasion, precisely determining protease expression in tumor and/or stromal cell populations as an indicator of tumor-aggressiveness, and monitoring the effectiveness of anti-protease therapeutic agents in inhibiting protease activity at the tumor-stromal interface. In addition, combination of this microdissection technique with polymerase chain reaction (PCR), reverse transcriptase-PCR (RT-PCR), differential display and single stranded conformational polymorphism (SSCP) may identify genetic alterations in specific subpopulations of tumor or stromal cell that would not be evident in heterogeneous human tumor samples.

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): C12N-013/00, C12N-005/00
 (Additional/Secondary): A61K-031/74
US Classification, Issued: 424078080, 435173100, 424078020, 424078040,
 435325000, 435029000, 435030000, 435363000, 435001100, 436008000

24/5/11 (Item 11 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0010857167 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 2001-476034/200151

XRAM Acc No: C2001-142790 XRPX Acc No: N2001-352333

Production of block of material with recesses for tissue samples for analysis in histology, histochemistry, immunohistochemistry and in-situ hybridization comprises casting suitable material in mold which produces recesses of desired depth

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan

Serial 09/890177 September 18, 2006

Patent Assignee: LILISCHKIS R (LILI-I); MENGEL M (MENG-I); VON WASIELEWSKI R (VWAS-I); WASIELEWSKI R (WASI-I); WASILEWSKI R V (WASI-I); WASIELEWSKI R V (WASI-I)

Inventor: LILISCHKIS R; MENGEL M; VON WASIELEWSKI R; WASILEWSKI R V; WASIELEWSKI R

Patent Family (9 patents, 93 countries)

Patent			Application				
Number	er Kind Date		Number	Kind	Date	Update	
WO 2001051910	A1	20010719	WO 2000DE4647	Α	20001222	200151	В
DE 10001136	A1	20010726	DE 10001136	Α	20000113	200151	E
AU 200133605	Α	20010724	AU 200133605	Α	20001222	200166	E
EP 1247085	A1	20021009	EP 2000991575	Α	20001222	200267	E
			WO 2000DE4647	A	20001222		
US 20030038401	A1	20030227	WO 2000DE4647	A	20001222	200318	E
			US 2002169960	Α	20020813		
DE 10001136	C2	20030904	DE 10001136	Α	20000113	200360	E
EP 1247085	B1	20060215	EP 2000991575	Α	20001222	200614	E
			WO 2000DE4647	Α	20001222		
US 7029615	B2	20060418	WO 2000DE4647	Α	20001222	200627	E
			US 2002169960	Α	20020813		
DE 50012240	G	20060420	DE 50012240	Α	20001222	200629	E
			EP 2000991575	A	20001222		
			WO 2000DE4647	Α	20001222		

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): DE 10001136 A 20000113 Patent Details

Number Pg Dwg Filing Notes Kind Lan

WO 2001051910 A1 DE 37

National Designated States, Original: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH

GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW

AU 200133605 Α EN EP 1247085 A1 DE

Based on OPI patent WO 2001051910 PCT Application WO 2000DE4647 Based on OPI patent WO 2001051910

Regional Designated States, Original: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR

IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI TR

DE

US 20030038401 A1 EN EP 1247085 B1 DE

PCT Application WO 2000DE4647 PCT Application WO 2000DE4647 Based on OPI patent WO 2001051910

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE

IT LI LU MC NL PT SE TR

US 7029615 B2 EN

DE 50012240

PCT Application WO 2000DE4647 Based on OPI patent WO 2001051910

Application EP 2000991575 PCT Application WO 2000DE4647 Based on OPI patent EP 1247085 Based on OPI patent WO 2001051910

Alerting Abstract WO A1

NOVELTY - Production of a block of material with recesses designed for containing samples for analysis comprises casting a suitable material in a mold which produces recesses of the desired depth.

DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for:

1.production of a block of material containing samples for analysis comprising inserting them into recesses in a block as described above

and bonding them to its surface;

2.producing thin sections for analysis comprises cutting slices of thickness 2 - 5 microns from a block as described in section (a) , using a microtome; and

3.the block itself.

USE - For tissue samples used in histology, histochemistry, immunohistochemistry and in-situ hybridization.

ADVANTAGE - **Tissue samples** of a standard size and quality are produced. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The drawing shows the production method.

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): B29C-065/00, G01N-001/28, G01N-001/36
 (Additional/Secondary): G01N-033/48, G01N-033/543

International Classification (+ Attributes)

IPC + Level Value Position Status Version

B29C-0065/00 A I F B 20060101 G01N-0001/36 A I F B 20060101 G01N-0001/36 A I F 20060101

24/5/17 (Item 17 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0007775880

WPI ACC NO: 1996-401594/199640

XRAM Acc No: C1996-126228

Appts. for preparing tissue samples and method of making tissue samples - using mould and plunger having head supporting sample for enclosing in gel before slicing

Patent Assignee: KRUMDIECK C (KRUM-I)

Inventor: KRUMDIECK C

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update
US 5550033 A 19960827 US 1994312034 A 19940926 199640 B
Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1994312034 A 19940926
Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes

US 5550033 A EN 7 6

Alerting Abstract US A

Biological tissue slicer system includes an embedding arrangement with moulds (14) in which a mould plunger (22) is inserted. Each mould (14) has a cylindrical inner cavity with a tapered region and the plunger includes a cylindrical head (23) with upper engaging surface (25) and a tapered section (26) to a lower stem portion (27). Tissue sample is placed on the engaging surface of the plunger within the mould and liq. gel is poured into the mould for solidification. Pref. magnetic material (34) is provided adjacent to the lower stem. The mould is pref. made from metal resistant to corrosion and thermal deformation at sterilisation temps.

Also claimed is a method of making tissue samples using a microtome to obtain a sample to be placed on the plunger head within the mould cavity and adding gel liq. to form a tissue block for slicing with a blade.

ADVANTAGE - Optimum support and orientation to tissue fragments during prepn. of tissue slices .

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): C12Q-001/08
US Classification, Issued: 435040520, 435283100, 435309100, 422102000,

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan

Serial 09/890177 September 18, 2006

> 422104000, 425117000, 083021000, 083025000, 083373000, 083401000, 083409000, 083422000, 083438000, 083444000, 083451000, 083648000, 083915500

(Item 20 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0003363694

WPI ACC NO: 1985-129448/

Incubation dish for biological tissue sample - for embedding latter in paraffin using grid frame

Patent Assignee: FREIHERR VON GISE H (VGIS-I)

Inventor: FREIHERR H

Patent Family (1 patents, 4 countries)

Patent

Application

Number

Number Date

Kind Date

EP 142575

Kind

19850529 EP 1983111656 A 19831122 198522 B Α

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): EP 1983111656 A 19831122 Patent Details

Number

Pg Dwg Filing Notes Kind Lan EP 142575 Α DE11 4

Regional Designated States, Original: DE FR GB SE

Alerting Abstract EP A

The perforated grid frame is placed over the biological tissue, which is placed over the perforated base of the dish. The latter has rupture lines for allowing it to be torn away and counter bearing surfaces for the grid frame , the latter having edge projections fitting into openings in the sides of the dish, to secure it in place.

Alternatively the dish has a solid base with external ribs used to space stacked dishes from one another.

USE - For embedding biological tissue sample in paraffin prior to slicing via microtome for obtaining microscope specimen. Class Codes

(Additional/Secondary): G01N-001/28

24/5/21 (Item 21 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0003342139

WPI ACC NO: 1985-106510/198518

XRAM Acc No: C1985-046158 XRPX Acc No: N1985-079855

Capsule for embedding tissue sample - has top frame covered by porous fabric e.g. non-woven nylon passing liquid to retained sample

Patent Assignee: PELAM INC (PELA-N)

Inventor: MCCORMICK J B

Patent Family (5 patents, 12 countries)

	Pat	ent			Ap)	Application						
Number		Kind	Kind Date		Number		Date	Update				
	EP	139424	Α	19850502	EP	1984305951	Α	19840830	198518	В		
	US	4569647	Α	19860211	US	1983533192	Α	19830916	198609	\mathbf{E}		
	CA	1238753	Α	19880705					198830	E		
	ΕP	139424	В	19890118	ΕP	1984305951	Α	19840830	198903	E		
	DE	3476265	G	19890223					198909	ਸ਼		

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1983533192 A 19830916

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes

EP 139424 A EN 22 8

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LI LU NL SE

CA 1238753 A EN EP 139424 B EN

cross-contamination.

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LI LU NL SE Alerting Abstract EP A

A capsule comprises a **frame** (14) fitting peripherally on an open-top holder (16) for a **sample**, and porous fabric (18) spread across the **frame** opening and allowing **tissue** processing liquid and liquefied embedding **material** to enter the holder while preventing the loss of **tissue**.

The holder bottom (20) may be porous to allow access of liquids and melts, and the fabric is nonwoven nylon with a porosity of 35-65% and max. pore size of 5 microns. The **frame** may be formed to retain a protruding block of solidified embedding **material** containing the **sample** so that the **frame** can be clamped in a **microtome** chuck for **slicing** the protruding part. ADVANTAGE - Permits processing at max. efficiency and without

Equivalent Alerting Abstract US A

Appts. for prepg. multiple **tissue** specimens for histological examination comprises stackable capsules which include a mould and a complementary cover. Each mould and cover includes an open **frame** with the cover **frame** being more rigid than the mould **frame**. The stacked **frame**s define a continuous passageway for **tissue** treating fluids. Each mould has a web spanning the passageway to define **tissue** receiving cavities.

ADVANTAGE - Cross-contamination is possible. (8pp) o Class Codes

International Classification (Main): B29C-041/00

(Additional/Secondary): G01N-001/28

US Classification, Issued: 425117000, 118429000, 118500000, 249081000, 249126000, 422099000, 425121000, 425470000, 435284000, 435287000

24/5/24 (Item 24 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

(c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.

0001837039

WPI ACC NO: 1979-J2940B/

Histological sections precision microtome - uses piezo-converter and longitudinal travelling waves for fine adjustment of position of specimen holder

Patent Assignee: KAUN MED INST (KUME); KAUN POLY (KUPO)

Inventor: BALTRUSHAI K S; BARANAUSKA P A
Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)

Patent Application

 Number
 Kind
 Date
 Number
 Kind
 Date
 Update

 SU 638862
 A 19781225
 SU 2491347
 A 19770601
 197939
 B

Alerting Abstract SU A

Accurate microtome design is presented for procuring histological samples of animal and vegetable tissue for microscope study. The design of the device ensures more efficient sectioning than in normal instruments.

The stand, knife, knife holder and its propulsion are of conventional design; the specimen holder is made to carry on its **support**ing part a piezo-electric converter, transforming an applied electrical pulse into a

longitudinal travelling; the number of waves can be varied and so represent a measure of specimen holder adjustment from a fraction of a micron to several mm.

Stand (1) carries an upper **structure** with guides (2), along which the knife and knife holder (4, 3) can be slid from some form of propulsion (5). The specimen (6) is normally mounted on a holder (7), having a vertical rear part.

This part is surrounded by a piezo converter (8), held between dampers (9) serving to eliminate standing waves.

Class Codes

(Additional/Secondary): G01N-001/06

26/26,TI/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.

0015409909

WPI ACC NO: 2005-755830/200577

Apparatus for obtaining information about sample e.g. biological tissue, polymer comprises first section to detect polarization sensitive radiation emitted by object and second section determining Jones matrix on obtained information

Original Titles:

Method and apparatus for obtaining information from polarization-sensitive optical coherence tomography

26/26,TI/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0015288359

WPI ACC NO: 2005-638501/200565

Method for growing a tissue ex vivo and transplanting the tissue into a host involves embedding three-dimensional mammalian tissue sample having cut surface exposing blood vessel in a matrix , followed by incubation and transplantation

Original Titles:

Three-dimensional ex vivo angiogenesis system

26/26,TI/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.

0014807388

WPI ACC NO: 2005-155076/200517

Tissue slicing apparatus for preparing tissue samples for prostate cancer diagnosis, has cradle with slits for receiving blades which are linked to support, during tissue slicing operation, such that blades are movable in slits

26/26,TI/10 (Item 10 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.

0012325914

WPI ACC NO: 2002-267744/

Surgical biopsy apparatus, stripper which longitudinally slices the tissue sample from the opening of the vacuum support tube

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan

Serial 09/890177 September 18, 2006

26/5/5 (Item 5 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.

0013432434 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 2003-523336/200349

Related WPI Acc No: 2003-441453; 2003-449468; 2003-532871; 2004-821670

XRPX Acc No: N2003-415192

Harvesting tissue sample by lifting skin outer surface using support element and slicing at set distance to separate skin and outer surface Patent Assignee: MEDGENICS INC (MEDG-N)

Inventor: BELLOMO S F; BUKHMAN M; LIPPIN I; PEARLMAN A L; ROSENBERG L; SHAVITT M D

Patent Family (3 patents, 99 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update WO 2003049783 A2 20030619 WO 2002IL878 A 20021105 AU 2002347576 A1 20030623 AU 2002347576 A 20021105 200420 E A8 20051020 AU 2002347576 200615 E A 20021105 AU 2002347576 Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2002393745 P 20020708; US 2001330959 P 20011105; US 2002393746 P 20020708

Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes

WO 2003049783 A2 EN 89 38

National Designated States, Original: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

AU 2002347576 A1 EN AU 2002347576 A8 EN Based on OPI patent WO 2003049783 Based on OPI patent WO 2003049783

Alerting Abstract WO A2

NOVELTY - Method consists in attaching the outside of the **tissue sample** to a flat surface by vacuum suction or using an adhesive surface, lifting them and **slicing** the **tissue** at a given distance below the surface area to separate the **tissue** from the subject. The **tissue** size is 3-150mm.

DESCRIPTION - There is an INDEPENDENT CLAIM for a dermotome.

USE - Method relates to the field of **tissue**-based micro-organs and delivery of therapeutic agents.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows a method of harvesting a skin sample.

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): A61B-010/00, A61M

26/5/6 (Item 6 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0013243460 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 2003-328614/ XRAM Acc No: C2003-085453 XRPX Acc No: N2003-262808

Analyzing tissue sample involves homogenizing small sections from tissue

block in buffer, applying homogenized specimen to membrane, applying labeled probe, and measuring signal from labeled probe

Patent Assignee: EMMERT-BUCK M R (EMME-I)

Inventor: EMMERT-BUCK M R

Patent Family (3 patents, 100 countries)

Patent Application

 Number
 Kind
 Date
 Number
 Kind
 Date
 Update

 US 20020182647
 A1 20021205
 US 2001287019
 P 20010430
 200331
 B

US 2002134392 A 20020430

WO 2004001413 A1 20031231 WO 2003US11489 A 20030424 200402 E AU 2003278535 A1 20040106 AU 2003278535 A 20030424 200447 E

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2001287019 P 20010430; US 2002134392 A 20020430

Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes

US 20020182647 A1 EN 16 14 Related to Provisional US 2001287019 WO 2004001413 A1 EN

National Designated States, Original: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID

IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VC

VN YU ZA ZM ZW

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

AU 2003278535 A1 EN

Based on OPI patent WO 2004001413

Alerting Abstract US A1

NOVELTY - A tissue sample is analyzed by determining the cellular content of a tissue block (10), obtaining small tissue sections (11a-11c) from the block, homogenizing the tissue sections in a buffer (12), applying the homogenized specimen to a membrane to produce a HistoStamp, applying a labeled probe, and measuring the signal from the labeled probe to determine the abundance level of the biomolecule.

DESCRIPTION - Analyzing a tissue sample comprises determining the cellular content of a tissue block, obtaining small tissue sections from the tissue block such that the small tissue sections contain a cell type(s), homogenizing the tissue sections in a buffer to create a homogenized specimen, applying the homogenized specimen to a membrane to produce a HistoStamp, applying a labeled probe that is specific for an individual biomolecule corresponding to the cell type to the HistoStamp, and measuring the signal from the labeled probe to determine the abundance level of the biomolecule.

USE - For analyzing biomolecules, e.g. DNA, mRNA, and proteins in **tissue** samples.

ADVANTAGE - The invention can detect biomolecules that are expressed at moderate or low levels of abundance that are fresh/frozen, and that are archival formalin-fixed specimen. It allows multiple **tissue samples** to be analyzed simultaneously, and provides increased flexibility of specimen selection over previously used **tissue** array formats.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows a flowchart of the inventive method.

10**Tissue** block

11a-11cTissue sections

12Buffer

14Cellular lysate

Class Codes

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/890177

September 18, 2006

International Classification (Main): G01N-033/53

(Additional/Secondary): G01N-033/543 US Classification, Issued: 435007200

26/5/8 (Item 8 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0013075645

WPI ACC NO: 2003-155942/200315 Related WPI Acc No: 2004-698089

XRAM Acc No: C2003-040421 XRPX Acc No: N2003-123047

Cutting biological samples e.g. tissue fragments, by locating the sample and a colored film of specific thickness on one side of a support and irradiating the sample with a light beam, thus cutting out target area of the sample

Patent Assignee: ARAKATSU H (ARAK-I); FUJI PHOTO FILM CO LTD (FUJF);

HANAI K (HANA-I); OGAWA M (OGAW-I); TAKAHASHI M (TAKA-I)

Inventor: ARAKATSU H; HANAI K; OGAWA M; TAKAHASHI M

Patent Family (4 patents, 2 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Update Date US 20020142412 A1 20021003 US 200145539 200315 Α 20011026 JP 2002202229 Α 20020719 JP 2001328641 Α 20011026 200315 US 6733987 B2 20040511 200431 E B2 20060510 JP 2001328641 A 20011026 JP 3773831 200635 E

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): JP 2000332252 A 20001031

Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes US 20020142412 A1 EN 6 1

US 20020142412 A1 EN 6 1 JP 2002202229 A JA 7

JP 3773831 B2 JA 8 Previously issued patent JP 2002202229

Alerting Abstract US A1

NOVELTY - Cutting (M) a biological sample by light irradiation, comprises locating the biological sample and a colored film having a thickness of 3-6 microm onto one side of a support and irradiating the biological sample with a light beam, thus cutting out a target area of the biological sample. DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for:

- 1.cutting and collecting a biological sample, by cutting out the
 biological sample by (M) and then collecting the sample which was cut
 out; and
- 2.a device (I) for cutting a biological sample, comprising a colored film
 having a thickness of 3-6 microm located on one side of a support.
- USE (M) is useful for **cutting** a biological **sample** e.g. living **tissue** fragments, cells, chromosomes or microorganisms, by light irradiation (claimed).

The method is useful for **cutting** biological **sample** containing a diseased lesion (e.g. cancer), and separating and collecting the cells from the normal cells.

ADVANTAGE - The operativity of the method is good and cutting sharpness in cutting by laser beam is good.

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): C12N-013/00, G01N-001/28, G01N-001/44
 (Additional/Secondary): G01N-001/30, G01N-033/48
International Classification (+ Attributes)

IPC + Level Value Position Status Version
G01N-0001/28 A I F B 20060101

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26/5/9 (Item 9 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
0012506939 - Drawing available
WPI ACC NO: 2002-454948/200248
XRAM Acc No: C2002-129457
XRPX Acc No: N2002-358743
Container for holding samples, especially biological samples cut from tissue using a laser beam, for microscopic examination has base made from light-scattering material
Patent Assignee: PALM GMBH (PALM-N); PALM MICROLASER TECHNOLOGIES AG
```

Inventor: SCHUETZE K; SCHUETZE R; SCHUTZE K; SCHUTZE R

Patent Family (4 patents, 96 countries)

Patent Application Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update WO 2002042824 A2 20020530 WO 2001EP12481 A 20011029 200248 B DE 10058316 A1 20020613 DE 10058316 A 20001124 200248 E AU 200215978 Α 20020603 AU 200215978 A 20011029 200263 E A8 20050908 AU 2002215978 AU 2002215978 A 20011029 200568 E Priority Applications (no., kind, date): DE 10058316 A 20001124

Patent Details

(PALM-N)

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes

WO 2002042824 A2 DE 28 3

National Designated States, Original: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW

AU 200215978 A EN AU 2002215978 A8 EN

Based on OPI patent WO 2002042824 Based on OPI patent WO 2002042824

Alerting Abstract WO A2

NOVELTY - Container (1) for holding **sampl**es (20), especially biological **sampl**es, for microscopic examination has a base (3) made from a light-scattering **material**.

DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for a one-piece unit comprising several of the containers.

USE - Especially for trapping biological **sampl**es **cut** from **tissue** using a laser beam.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The drawing shows a perspective view of a unit comprising several containers.

- 1 Container
- 3 Base
- 20 Sample

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): G02B-021/34 (Additional/Secondary): B01L-003/00

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File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2006/UD=200658
File 347: JAPIO Dec 1976-2005/Dec (Updated 060404)
Set
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S1
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             TLATCH, S? OR DINOVO D? OR DINOVO, D? OR ALLEN D? OR ALLEN, D?
              OR WARD T? OR WARD, T?)
S2
       137875
                TISSUE
S3
          734
                MICROTOME? ? OR HISTOTOME? ?
S4
                BIOPS???
         6126
                S1 AND S2:S4
S5
           71
                S1 AND S4
S6
            8
                S1 AND S3
S7
            6
S8
           10
                S6:S7
        88994
                IC=A61B-005?
S9
                S1 AND S9
S10
            8
S11
            6
                S10 NOT S8 [not relevant]
S12
         5094
                TISSUE()SAMPL???
                S1 AND S12
S13
            6
S14
                S13 NOT (S8 OR S10)
          (Item 4 from file: 350)
8/5/4
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
0014155536 - Drawing available
WPI ACC NO: 2004-340462/200431
Related WPI Acc No: 2004-305132; 2005-306443
XRAM Acc No: C2004-129280
XRPX Acc No: N2004-272155
Automatic tissue sample embedding machine has dispenser that dispenses
embedding material on microtome supports and dispenses tissue samples
carried by each support during embedding operation
Patent Assignee: BIOPATH AUTOMATION LLC (BIOP-N)
Inventor: ALLEN D P ; DINOVO D P ; HUDDLESTON M J; HUGHES K E; KELLER G A
  ; KUISICK K A; QUAM R P; ROBINSON C R; TURNER J E; VANHOOSE E D;
  J ; WHITLATCH S P ; WILLIAMSON W P
Patent Family (8 patents, 100 countries)
Patent
                               Application
Number
                Kind
                       Date
                               Number
                                               Kind
                                                      Date
                                                              Update
WO 2004029584
                     20040408
                 A1
                               WO 2002US30779
                                                A 20020926
                                                              200431
                                                                      В
AU 2002337729
                 A1
                    20040419
                               AU 2002337729
                                                A 20020926
                                                              200462
                                                                      Ε
                               WO 2002US30779
                                                 A 20020926
US 20050084425
                 Α1
                     20050421
                               US 2003512147
                                                    20031017
                                                Р
                                                              200528
                               US 2004963315
                                                A 20041012
BR 200215830
                     20050607
                 Α
                               BR 200215830
                                                A 20020926
                                                              200538
                               WO 2002US30779
                                                A 20020926
EP 1552266
                 A1
                     20050713
                               EP 2002773621
                                                A 20020926
                                                              200546 · E
                               WO 2002US30779
                                                A 20020926
US 20050226770
                 A1
                     20051013
                               WO 2002US30779
                                                A 20020926
                                                              200567
                               US 200410773
                                                A 20041213
JP 2006500585
                 W
                     20060105
                               WO 2002US30779
                                                A 20020926
                                                              200603
                               JP 2004539747
                                                Α
                                                    20020926
CN 1668908
                 Α
                     20050914
                               CN 2002829687
                                                    20020926
                                                 Α
                                                              200617
                               WO. 2002US30779
                                                 Α
                                                    20020926
Priority Applications (no., kind, date): WO 2002US30775 A 20020926; WO
                A 20020926
  2002US30779
Patent Details
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Number
               Kind Lan
                           Pα
                               Dwg
                                   Filing Notes
WO 2004029584
                 A1
                    EN
                           72
                                29
National Designated States, Original: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY
   BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID
   IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ
   NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ
   VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW
Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI
   FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SK SL SZ TR TZ UG
   ZM ZW
AU 2002337729
                                    PCT Application WO 2002US30779
                 A1
                     EN
                                    Based on OPI patent
                                                          WO 2004029584
US 20050084425
                 Α1
                     EN
                                    Related to Provisional US 2003512147
BR 200215830
                     PT
                                    PCT Application WO 2002US30779
                                    Based on OPI patent
                                                          WO 2004029584
EP 1552266
                 A1
                                    PCT Application WO 2002US30779
                     EN
                                    Based on OPI patent
                                                          WO 2004029584
Regional Designated States, Original: AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI
  FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI SK TR
US 20050226770
                 A1 EN
                                    Continuation of application WO
   2002US30779
JP 2006500585
                     JΑ
                           51
                                    PCT Application WO 2002US30779
                                    Based on OPI patent
                                                          WO 2004029584
CN 1668908
                                    PCT Application WO 2002US30779
                     ZH
  Alerting Abstract WO A1
```

NOVELTY - An automatic tissue sample embedding machine is new. The machine comprises cooling units which hold the **microtome** supports conveyed by pick and place robot (40) during tissue embedding operation. A dispenser dispenses embedding material on **microtome** supports and dispenses tissue sample carried by each support during embedding operation. DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for automatic tissue sample embedding method.

USE - For automatic handling and embedding of tissue samples for **biopsy** analysis performed to diagnose various tissue diseases and conditions in pathology laboratory.

ADVANTAGE - Since the tissue sample is not removed in the middle of processing, processing time is reduced and human error due to separate tissue handling steps is reduced.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows the perspective view of the automatic tissue sample embedding machine.

22 control panel

32a-32d output units

40 pick and place robot

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): B01L-003/00, G01N-001/00
 (Additional/Secondary): B32B-005/02

International Classification (+ Attributes)

IPC + Level Value Position Status Version

G01N-0001/28 A I L B 20060101

G01N-0001/36 A I F B 20060101

G01N-0033/48 A I L B 20060101

US Classification, Issued: 422102000, 422063000, 422102000

8/5/5 (Item 5 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

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(c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
0014120650 - Drawing available
WPI ACC NO: 2004-305132/200428
Related WPI Acc No: 2004-340462; 2005-306443
XRAM Acc No: C2004-116038
Cassette for holding a tissue sample, comprises that the longest side walls
which are V-shaped, extend towards other side walls
Patent Assignee: BERKY C B (BERK-I); BIOPATH AUTOMATION LLC (BIOP-N);
  WARD T J (WARD-I); WHITLATCH S P (WHIT-I); WILLIAMSON W P (WILL-I)
Inventor: BERKY C B; CRAIG B B; STEPHEN P W; THOMAS J W; WARD T J; WARREN
  PW; WHITLATCH SP; WILLIAMSON WP; WILLIAMSON WPI
Patent Family (7 patents, 100 countries)
Patent
                               Application
                Kind
                      Date
Number
                               Number
                                              Kind
                                                     Date
                                                             Update
                A1
                    20040408
                               WO 2002US30775
                                               A 20020926
                                                             200428
WO 2004028693
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AU 2002341872
                A1
                               WO 2002US30775
                                                A 20020926
                     20050629 EP 2002776027
                                                A 20020926
EP 1545775
                A1
                                                             200543
                               WO 2002US30775
                                                Α
                                                   20020926
US 20050147538
                A1
                     20050707
                               WO 2002US30775
                                                Α
                                                  20020926
                                                             200547
                               US 200572119
                                                A 20050304
BR 200215894
               / A
                     20050927 BR 200215894
                                                A 20020926
                                                             200565
                                                                     E
                               WO 2002US30775
                                                A 20020926
JP 2006500584
                     20060105
                               WO 2002US30775
                                                Α
                                                  20020926
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                               JP 2004539746
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CN 1684772
                 Α
                     20051019
                               CN 2002829673
                                                A 20020926
                                                             200625
                               WO 2002US30775
                                                A 20020926
Priority Applications (no., kind, date): WO 2002US30775
                                                             20020926
Patent Details
Number
              Kind Lan
                           Pq
                              Dwg Filing Notes
WO 2004028693
                A1
                   EN
                           38
                                12
National Designated States, Original: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY
   BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID
   IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ
   NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ
   VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW
Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI
   FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SK SL SZ TR TZ UG
   ZM ZW
AU 2002341872
                A1
                     EN
                                    PCT Application WO 2002US30775
                                    Based on OPI patent
                                                          WO 2004028693
EP 1545775
               . A1
                    EN
                                    PCT Application WO 2002US30775
                                    Based on OPI patent
                                                          WO 2004028693
Regional Designated States, Original: AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI
   FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI SK TR
US 20050147538
                A1 EN
                                    Continuation of application WO
   2002US30775
BR 200215894
                Α
                    PT
                                    PCT Application WO 2002US30775
                                    Based on OPI patent
                                                          WO 2004028693
JP 2006500584
                W
                    JA
                           25
                                    PCT Application WO 2002US30775
                                    Based on OPI patent
                                                          WO 2004028693
CN 1684772
                Α
                    ZH
                                   PCT Application WO 2002US30775
 Alerting Abstract WO A1
 NOVELTY - A cassette for holding a tissue sample comprises a bottom wall
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(24) and several side walls (22a-22d) that are made of a material capable of sectioned in a **microtome**, where the two longest side walls (22a,22c)

are V-shaped and extend towards the other side walls.

DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- 1.tissue embedding assembly;
- 2.tissue sample cassette staging device; and
- 3.tissue sample slice cutting method.

USE - Cassette for holding sample of tissue removed from patient's body (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - Since the side walls are V-shaped, deterioration of hardened paraffin from cassette side wall is prevented effectively.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows an exploded perspective view of the tissue cassette assembly, frame and base mold.

- 10 cassette
- 12 frame
- 20 cassette unit
- 22a-22d side walls
- 24 bottom wall

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): B01L-003/00

International Classification (+ Attributes)

IPC + Level Value Position Status Version

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G01N-0001/36 A I F B 20060101
B01L-0003/00 A I
                     R 20060101
B01L-0009/00 A I
                     R 20060101
                     R 20060101
G01N-0001/31 A N
                     R 20060101
G01N-0001/36 A I
                     R 20060101
B01L-0003/00 C I
B01L-0009/00 C
                     R 20060101
               I
G01N-0001/30 C N
                     R 20060101
G01N-0001/36 C I
                    R 20060101
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US Classification, Issued: 422102000

8/5/9 (Item 9 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0009999938 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 2000-303599/ XRAM Acc No: C2000-092138 XRPX Acc No: N2000-226851

Microtome sectionable tissue support for use with biopsy sample resists histological stains, chemical or solvent degradation and remains non-distracting during tissue preparation

Patent Assignee: ALLEN D (ALLE-I); BIOPATH AUTOMATION LLC (BIOP-N);
DINOVO D (DINO-I); DINOVO D P (DINO-I); WARD T (WARD-I); WARD T J
(WARD-I); WHITLACH S (WHIT-I); WILLIAMSON W N (WILL-I); WILLIAMSON W P
(WILL-I)

Inventor: ALLEN D ; DINOVO D ; DINOVO D P ; WARD T J ;
WHITLACH S; WILLIAMSON W N ; WILLIAMSON W P

Patent Family (4 patents, 80 countries)

Patent Application Kind Date Number Kind Date Update WO 2000019897 A1 20000413 WO 1998US20478 A 19981005 200026 20000426 AU 199897804 AU 199897804 Α A 19981005 200036 WO 1998US20478 A 19981005 EP 1146817 A1 20011024 EP 1998951995 A 19981005 200171 E WO 1998US20478 A 19981005

20030731 AU 199897804 A 19981005 200359 NCE AU 763635 Priority Applications (no., kind, date): AU 199897804 A 19981005; WO A 19981005 1998US20478

Patent Details

Pg Dwg Filing Notes Number Kind Lan

WO 2000019897 A1 EN 133 82

National Designated States, Original: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SZ UG ZW

AU 199897804 Α EN PCT Application WO 1998US20478 Based on OPI patent WO 2000019897 PCT Application WO 1998US20478

EP 1146817 A1 EN

Based on OPI patent WO 2000019897

Regional Designated States, Original: DE DK ES FR GB IE IT AU 763635 EN

Previously issued patent AU 9897804 Based on OPI patent WO 2000019897

Alerting Abstract WO A1

NOVELTY - A microtome sectionable tissue support, for supporting histological tissue biopsy samples, has devices resisting histological stains and degradation from solvents and chemicals used to fix, process, and stain the tissue, a device permitting sectioning of the support in a microtome and a device keeping the support non-distracting during tissue preparation.

DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

- 1.a tissue sample container including the novel support;
- 2.a biopsy tissue harvesting device including the novel support;
- 3.preparing a biopsy tissue sample for histological examination by immobilizing the sample on a support, replacing tissue fluid with wax, embedding the sample in a wax mold to form a solid block, slicing it with a microtome, and mounting a slice on a support for examination;
- 4.a sample for microscopic analysis includes the novel support mounted on a microscopic examination support;
- 5.a tissue analysis automation process comprises immobilizing the tissue on a machine manipulatable support, and replacing its fluid with wax;
- 6.analyzing biopsy samples using the process of (5);
- 7.a histological tissue sample support, comprising a frame, a microtome sectionable supporting cassette for supporting tissue samples during the tissue processing , embedding and microtomy, including means for allowing the cassette to be sectioned, means for resisting histological stains and degradation from solvents and chemicals used to fix, process and stain the tissue, and non-distracting means for maintaining the cassette during tissue processing and slide preparation, and a retainer on the frame for releasably holding the cassette in the frame;
- 8.an orientation device having supporting legs carrying an openable device for pinching/supporting a biopsy simple; and
- 9.a platform or a container comprising a sectionable tissue support, formed of material which can be sectioned in a microtome, is resistant to histological stains and degradation from solvents and chemicals used to fix, process and stain tissue, and a medium in which the support is embedded.

USE - The novel support and methods can be used for preparing biopsy samples for cancer diagnosis.

ADVANTAGE - The support facilitates automation of sample preparation.

Serial 09/890177 September 18, 2006

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The drawing shows a support cassette

A', Afilters

12frame

14tissue support

16collar

18grooves

20projections

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): A61B-005/103

8/5/10 (Item 10 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0009000815 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 1998-556230/199847 XRPX Acc No: N1998-433622

Harvesting and handling tissue samples for biopsy analysis - using tissue trapping platforms, so enabling tissue processing and wax embedding

procedures to be automated

Patent Assignee: BIOPATH AUTOMATION LLC (BIOP-N)

Inventor: WHITLACH S P; WILLIAMSON W P
Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update
US 5817032 A 19981006 US 1996645750 A 19960514 199847 E
Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1996645750 A 19960514

Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes

US 5817032 A EN 41 46

Alerting Abstract US A

A tissue **biopsy** sample is placed on a tissue trapping and supporting material that can withstand tissue preparation procedures and which can be cut with a **microtome**. The tissue is immobilized on the material, and the material and the tissue are subjected to a process for replacing tissue fluids with wax, and then the tissue and the supporting material are sliced for mounting on slides using a **microtome**.

Harvesting devices and containers using the filter material are provided. An automated process may be used. The tissue trapping and supporting material is porous, or alternatively includes a tissue supporting material that is not easily **microtomed**.

ADVANTAGE - Maintains the preferred orientation of the tissue sample from the time of initial gross-in throughout the tissue processing procedure and continuing through the wax embedding stage with no human involvement required beyond initial gross in.

Class Codes

International Classification (Main): A61B-005/00 US Classification, Issued: 600562000, 604319000, 422101000

8/5/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0014958659 - Drawing available WPI ACC NO: 2005-306443/200531

Related WPI Acc No: 2004-305132; 2004-340462

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan

Serial 09/890177 September 18, 2006

XRPX Acc No: N2005-250704

Biopsy cassette for holding skin samples for pathological analysis, has holes associated with housing and lid to allow optical scanner to determine characteristic like size of cassette

Patent Assignee: BIOPATH AUTOMATION LLC (BIOP-N)

Inventor: WARD T J; WHITLATCH S P; WILLIAMSON W P; WARD T; WHITLATCH S;
WILLIAMSON W

Patent Family (2 patents, 107 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update
WO 2005037182 A2 20050428 WO 2004US33604 A 20041012 200531 B
EP 1682272 A2 20060726 EP 2004794852 A 20041012 200649 E
WO 2004US33604 A 20041012

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2003512147 P 20031017

Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes

WO 2005037182 A2 EN 30 8

National Designated States, Original: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NA NL OA PL PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

EP 1682272 A2 EN

PCT Application WO 2004US33604
Based on OPI patent WO 2005037182

Regional Designated States, Original: AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HR HU IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR

Alerting Abstract WO A2

NOVELTY - The cassette housing (16) includes a bottom wall (28) and side wall (26) that extends upwards with respect to the bottom wall to define an interior space for receiving a tissue sample. The holes (12) associated with the housing and lid (24) is configured to allow an optical scanner to determine the characteristic like size, shape, structural and functional characteristics of the cassette (10).

DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following: 1.method of handling cassette containing tissue sample during embedding procedure;

2.method of handling frame for holding cassette with tissue sample.

USE - For holding and orienting tissue samples such as biopsy samples of skin, gal bladder and bladder, for histologic and pathologic analysis during processing, embedding and microtome procedures.

ADVANTAGE - Allows the histotechnologist to place the tissue in the proper orientation for **sectioning** at the time of gross-in. The parallel sidewall is avoided with respect to the **frame** side to increase microtime **slicing** efficiency.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows a perspective view of the biopsy cassette.

- 10 cassette
- 12,20 holes
- 16 cassette housing
- 24 lid
- 26 side wall
- 28 bottom wall
- 80 frame

Class Codes

International Classification (+ Attributes)
IPC + Level Value Position Status Version
 B01L-0003/00 A I F B 20060101
 A61J S I R 20060101

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/890177 September 18, 2006 File 155:MEDLINE(R) 1950-2006/Sep 18 (c) format only 2006 Dialog 5:Biosis Previews(R) 1969-2006/Sep W2 (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation File 73:EMBASE 1974-2006/Sep 15 (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2006/Sep W2 (c) 2006 The Thomson Corp File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec (c) 2006 The Thomson Corp Items Description Set AU=(WILLIAMSON W? OR WILLIAMSON, W? OR WHITLATCH S? OR WHI-S1 12225 TLATCH, S? OR DINOVA D? OR DINOVA, D? OR ALLEN D? OR ALLEN, D? OR WARD T? OR WARD, T?) TISSUE()SAMPL??? OR MICROTOME? ? OR HISTOTOME? ? S2 53158 S1 AND S2 S3 13 RD (unique items) S4 6 PATHOLOGY OR LAB OR LABORATORY S5 5715132 1039 S6 S1 AND S5 **S**7 802184 BIOPSY OR BIOPSIES S8 S6 AND S7 59 S9 6237382 TISSUE OR SAMPL??? S10 16 S8 AND S9 S11 15 S10 NOT S3 9 RD (unique items) S12 **S13** 9 Sort S12/ALL/PY, A [not relevant] S5/DE AND S6 S14 619 (S7 OR S9) AND S14 S15 125 1117691 SECTION??? S16 S15 AND S16 S17 6 S17 NOT (S3 OR S10) [not relevant] S18 (Item 1 from file: 5) 5:Biosis Previews(R) DIALOG(R) File (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv. 0013535157 BIOSIS NO.: 200200128668 Means and method for harvesting and handling tissue samples for biopsy analysis AUTHOR: Williamson W P IV ; Whitlach S P AUTHOR ADDRESS: Loveland, Ohio, USA**USA JOURNAL: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Patents 1215 (1): p414 Oct. 6, 1998 1998 MEDIUM: print ISSN: 0098-1133 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent RECORD TYPE: Citation LANGUAGE: English DESCRIPTORS: MAJOR CONCEPTS: Methods and Techniques; Pathology; Public Health--Allied Medical Sciences MISCELLANEOUS TERMS: ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES; DIAGNOSTIC TESTING; TOOLS CONCEPT CODES: 12504 Pathology - Diagnostic

37001 Public health - General and miscellaneous

01004 Methods - Laboratory methods